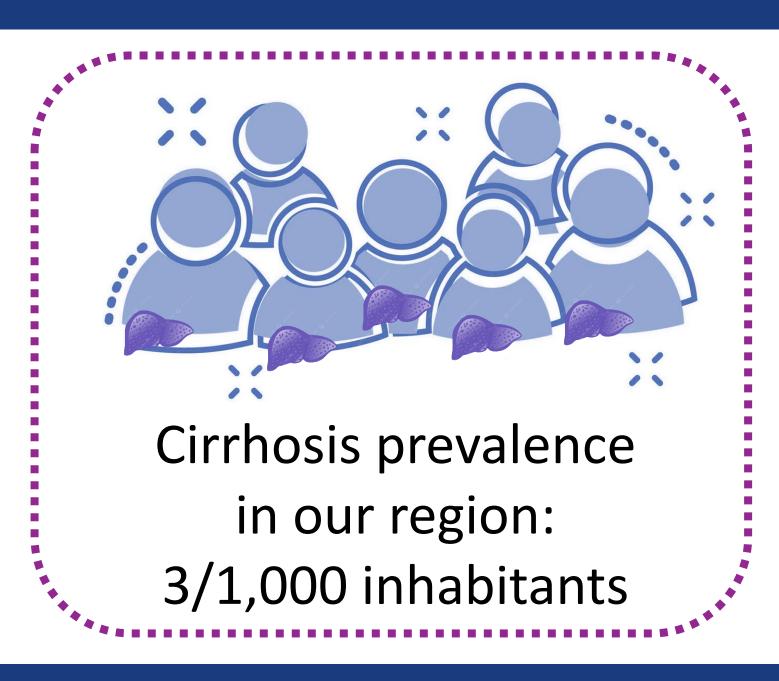
DRUG PRESCRIPTION IN HEPATIC CIRRHOSIS: PITFALLS AND ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

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BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE



~20%

inadecuated prescriptons

- Inadecuate dosing
- Contraindication



Preventable drug reactions

AIM AND OBJECTIVES

To evaluate the adequacy of medications in patients with cirrhosis according to their hepatic disease.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Cross-sectional drug utilization study

Patients with a diagnosis of hepatic cirrhosis in their electronic clinical record until June 2023

- Age
- Gender
- Child-Pugh
- Prescribed medications
 April June 2023

Drugs analysed
(contraindicated
drugs in any stage
of cirrhosis)

Analgesics
Antidepressants
Antidiabetics
Antihistamines
Antibiotics

Antipsychotics
Antithrombotics
Benzodiazepines
Cardiovascular drugs
Digestive therapies

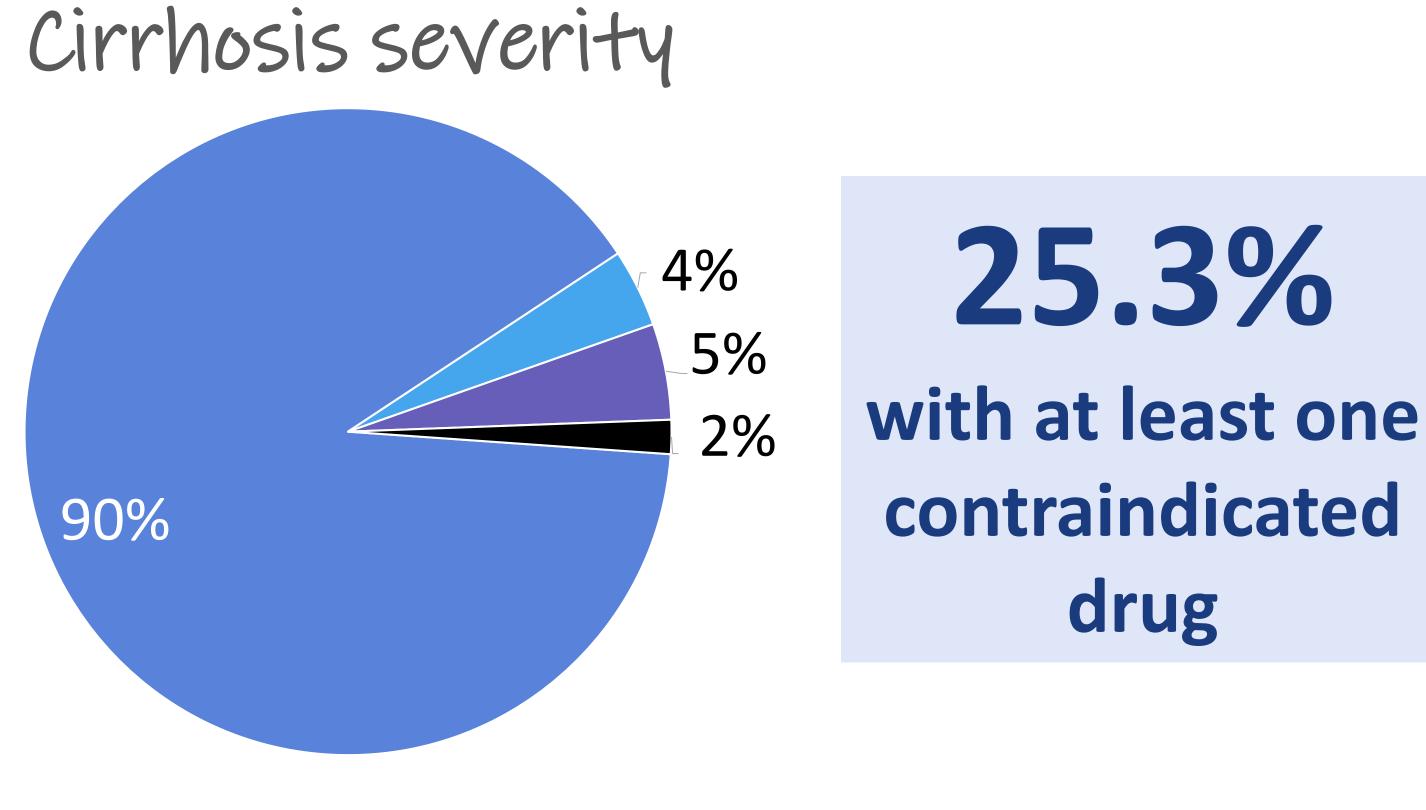
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Safety information

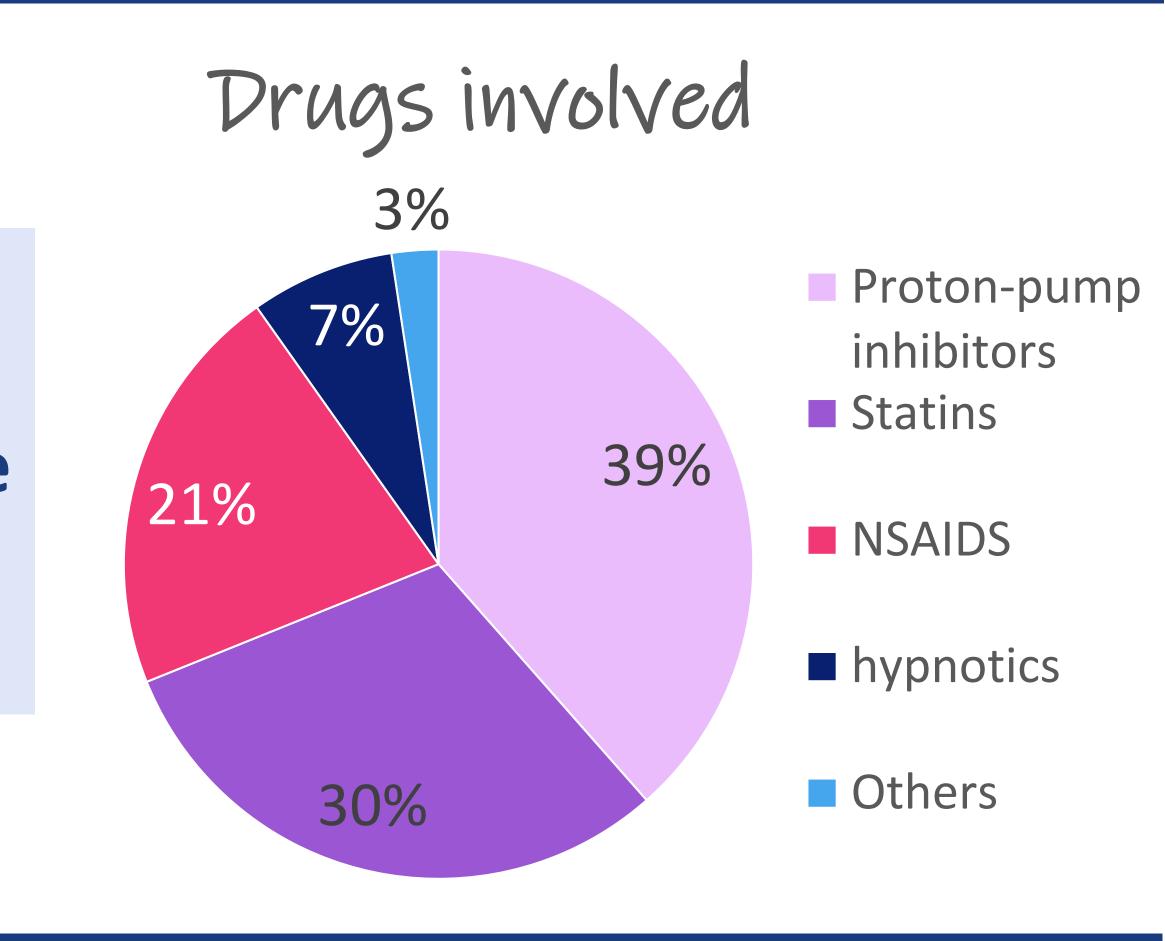


RESULTS

1326 patients O 64.1% 65±12 years



■ Unknown
■ Child-Pugh A
■ Child-Pugh B
■ Child-Pugh C



CONCLUSIONS AND RELEVANCE

- ✓ Prescription in cirrhosis must improve.
- ✓ Prevalence of patients taking contraindicated drugs in cirrhosis in our study is slightly higher than in bibliography, despite there are safer options available for all of them.
- ✓ The lack of knowledge about drugs management in cirrhosis and the need for information and training in this field are highlighted.
- ✓ It is important to grade cirrhosis according to the Child-Pugh classification, as drugs can be contraindicated depending on stage.
- ✓ We propose to implement a prescription-related alert system, which alerts about contraindicated drugs in cirrhosis and suggests safer alternatives.



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