## TOXICITY OF IMMUNOTHERAPY TREATMENT IN CLINICAL PRACTICE



B. Rodríguez de Castro, C. Rodríguez Lage.

Hospital Pharmacy. HM Hospitales. León. Spain



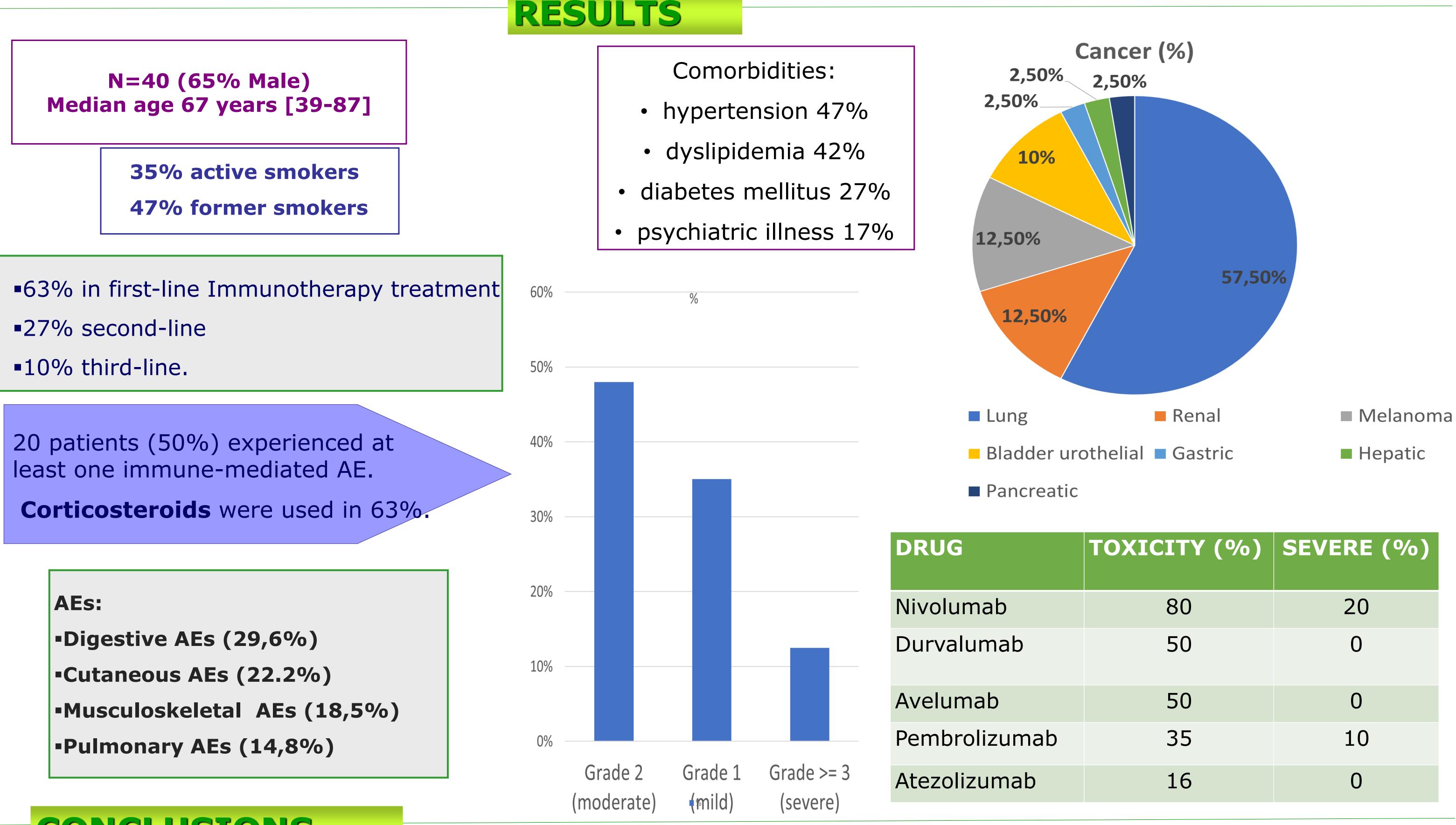
Immunotherapy has broken newground in the treatment of oncological disease. However, it is not exempt from Adverse Events (AE)

**OBJECTIVES** 

To analyze and describe the toxicity profile of immunotherapy in clinical practice.

## MATERIAL AND METHODS

- ➤ Multicenter descriptive observational retrospective study of patients who initiated immunotherapy treatment (June 2018-June 2023).
- ➤Clinical data were obtained from the computerized clinical histories (Doctoris®) and the eOncology® database.
- ➤The following variables were collected: demographic data (sex and age), smoking status, comorbidities, history of autoimmune disease, oncological diagnosis and stage, treatment line, treatment regimen used, number of administered cycles, and toxicity assessed according to the CTCAE v5 (Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events) criteria of the NCI (National Cancer Institute).



## CONCLUSIONS

- Immunotherapy is becoming a first-line treatment for several tumors.
- •Our real-world clinical experience shows that immunotherapy has been reasonably well tolerated, with most immune-mediated AEs being moderate or mild.
- Corticosteroids were the most widely used drugs to treat this type of toxicity.
- •Severe immune-mediated reactions have required hospitalization and discontinuation of treatment.
- •A larger sample size and an extended study period are needed to confirm the correlation between treatment response and toxicity.



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