

ADALIMUMAB IN THE TREATMENT OF RECALCITRANT SWEET SYNDROME: A CASE REPORT

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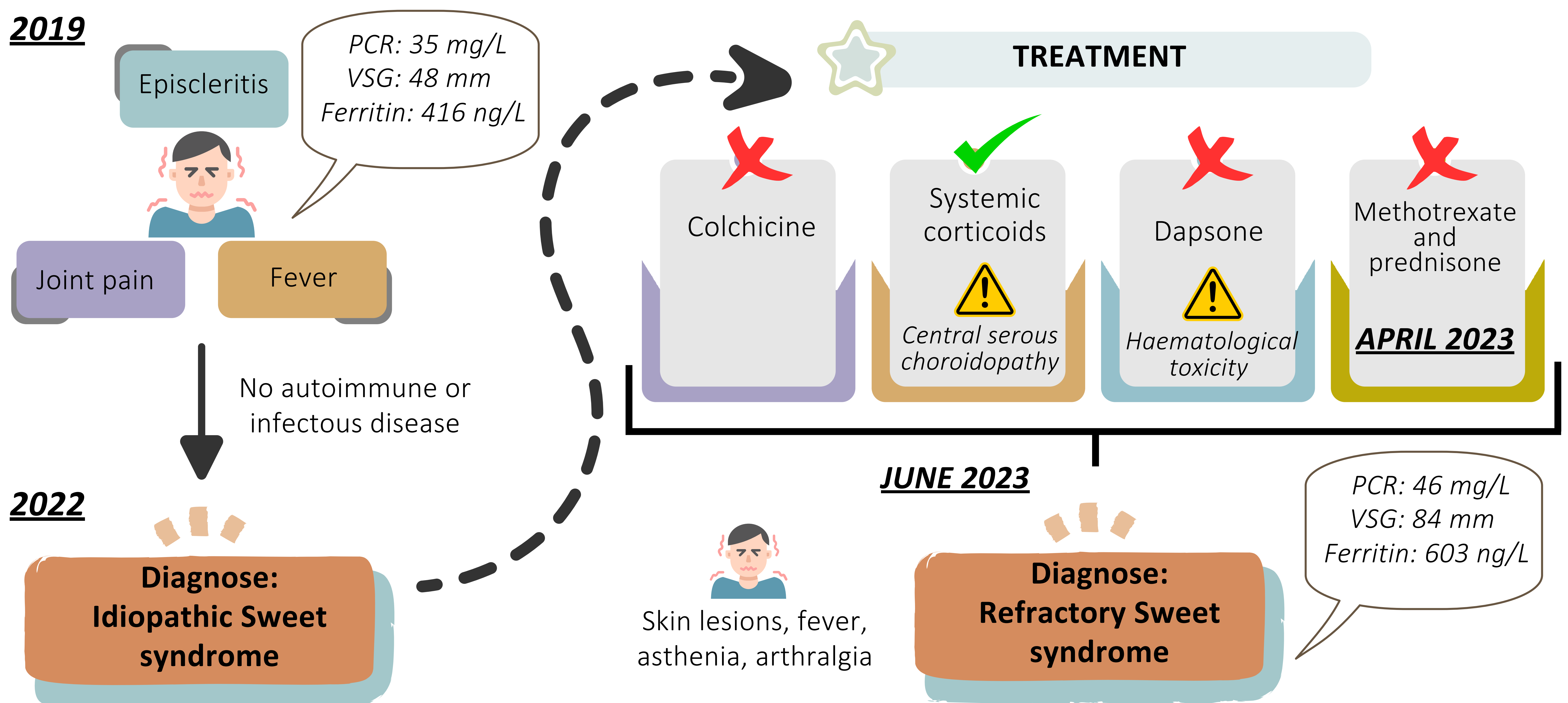
BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE

Sweet syndrome (SS) is a rare febrile neutrophilic dermatosis characterized by edematous and erythematous papules, plaques or nodules on the skin, and fever. High doses of systemic glucocorticoids are the first-line treatment. Colchicine, dapsone, and potassium iodide are reserved for refractory cases.

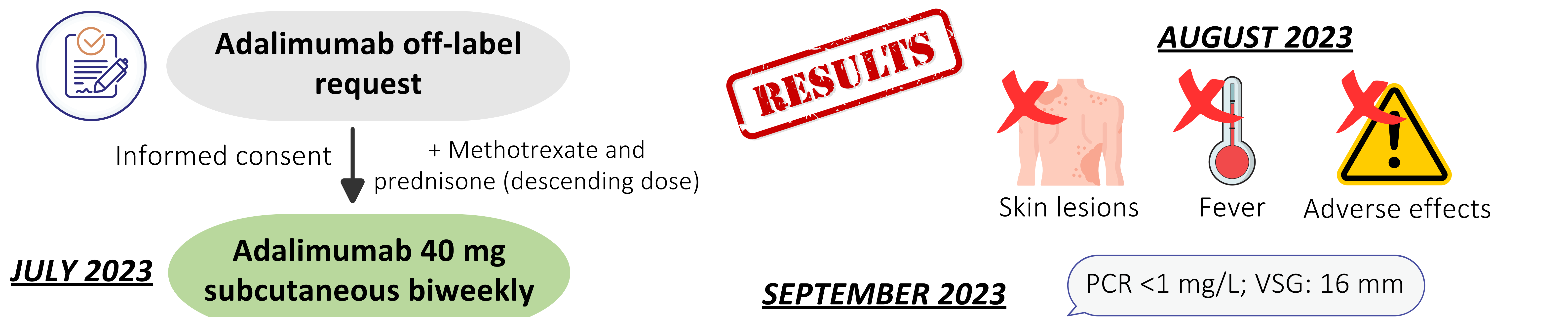
AIM AND OBJECTIVE

To assess effectiveness of adalimumab in a 50-year-old patient diagnosed with recalcitrant idiopathic SS.

MATERIAL AND METHODS



RESULTS



CONCLUSIONS

- 1) **Adalimumab is effective** in the treatment of recalcitrant Sweet Syndrome.
- 2) It is needed a **longer follow-up** to assess the effectiveness in the long term.

