BIOSIMILARS: LET'S START RUNNING

Beatriz Zurita Alonso¹, Marta Martí Navarro¹, Monica Estelrich¹, Alejandro Ballestero Corominas², Anna Badell Giralt², Diana Patricia Vera Rodríguez³, Milagros Ricse Salcedo⁴, Roxana Rubio Vargas⁴.

¹Pharmacy department, Hospital Sant Joan de Déu de Martorell (Barcelona, Spain) ²Dermatology department, Hospital Sant Joan de Déu de Martorell (Barcelona, Spain) ³Gastroenterology department, Hospital Sant Joan de Déu de Martorell (Barcelona, Spain) ⁴Pheumatology department. Hospital Sant Joan de Déu de Martorell (Barcelona, Spain)

WHAT WAS DONE?



The pharmacy service led the creation of a working group formed by rheumatologists, gastroenterologists, dermatologists and pharmacists to promote the use of biosimilar drugs in our hospital.

WHY WAS IT DONE?

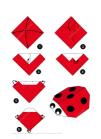


• The use of biosimilar drugs has been a breakthrough to improve the sustainability of the health system.

• There is **no clear consensus** about the recommendation for a switch from the original drug to its biosimilar.

• The rate of biosimilar use in our country is one of the lowest in Europe.

HOW WAS IT DONE?



The working group wrote a consensus document:

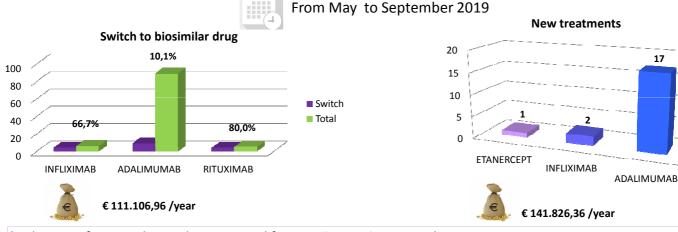
Start all new biological treatments with biosimilars

✓ The prescribers would determine which patients were candidates for switch to a biosimilar based on clinical criteria

 \checkmark Subcutaneous drug: the <u>pharmacist</u> is responsible to explain the reason for the change and the management of the new device to the patient

✓ Intravenous drug: it is the physician who informs the patient about the change.

WHAT HAS BEEN ACHIEVED?



The rate of antiTNF biosimilars increased from 33% to 48% in 5 months.

- > None of the patients refused the use of a biosimilar.
- > By now, all treatments maintain their effectiveness without safety issues.

WHAT NEXT?

✓ This optimisation of treatments will allow the hospital to treat a greater number of patients and invest in innovative treatments.

 ✓ Therefore, our objective is to achieve the switch of remaining patients as it could generate an additional saving of €630,072.28 per year.





