

Development of new production when neither packaging nor some of the raw materials conform to European standard

National Poster Prize Winner, Denmark

PC/I

Katrine B. Rubach -Larsen ¹, Cand.Scient, Anette Eskildsen ¹, Cand.Pharm Anne Rungø ¹, Cand.Scient, Lone Skovhauge ¹, Cand.Pharm

WHAT WAS DONE?

- A new MR-scanning technology, **hyperpolarization**, enables physicians early detection of treatment effects in e.g. cancer and diabetes.
- ➤ A **Pharmacy Kit** is used in the hyperpolarization process and consists of a specially designed packaging containing the contrast agent and buffer solutions.
- The objective was to manufacture Pharmacy Kits complying with Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP), though neither packaging nor two of the raw materials conformed to European standard.

WHY WAS IT DONE?

A research team at the MR Centre (MRC) wished to set up a production of Pharmacy Kits, but had no prior experience with or license to manufacture drugs. Thus, the hospital pharmacy was asked to participate in the development of such production.

HOW WAS IT DONE?

- ➤ A production complying with GMP was developed in **close collaboration with the MRC** and an on going contact with the Danish Medicines Agency.
- ➤ The hospital pharmacy executed own **microbiology test** to determine if and for how long the non CEmarked packaging could store the contrast agent and buffer solutions.
- ➤ **Risk assessment** of the raw materials not found in the European Pharmacopeia were conducted.
- The method already takes place few other places in and outside Europa. Experiences from these sites were implemented and expanded with **process optimization** and a specially designed equipment for the production.

WHAT HAS BEEN ACHIEVED?

Due to a strong **inter-professional collaboration** between the MRC and the hospital pharmacy and due to qualified risk assessments, it was possible to set up a production of Pharmacy kits according to GMP.

WHAT NEXT?

When researchers contact hospital pharmacies with new ideas we have to be willing to work with GMP in a different way applying knowhow and risk assessments in order to ensure developments within the healthcare systems.

CONCLUSION

THIS PROJECT HAS SHOWN THAT A MUTUALLY DEPENDENT
COLLABORATION BETWEEN RESSEARCHERS AND THE HOSPITAL
PHARMACY LEADS TO THE MANUFACTURING OF PHARMACY KITS USED
IN A NEW DIAGNOSTIC TECHNOLOGY CURRENTLY IN CLINICAL TRIALS
IN HUMANS – WITHOUT LOSING FOCUS OF GMP AND PATIENT SAFETY.

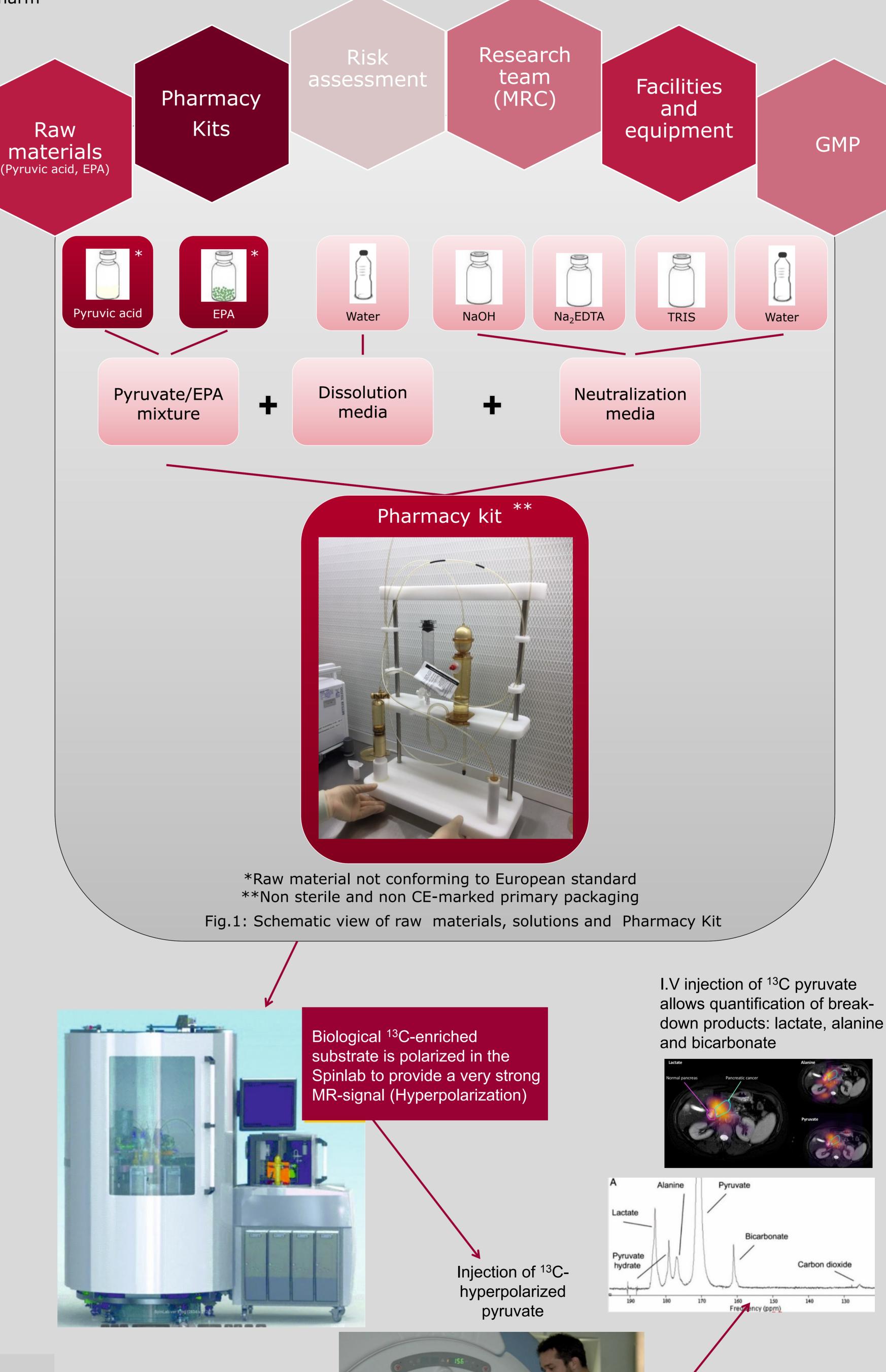


Fig.2: The further processing of Pharmacy Kit before injection the patient



Contact:

¹ Hospital Pharmacy Central Denmark Region, Nørrebrogade 44,

8000 Aarhus C, e-mail: <u>katrub@auh.rm.dk</u> Prof., DrMedSc. Hans Stødkilde-Jørgensen and his research group at the MR Centre, Aarhus University Hospital, Denmark.

