

SDP1: New strategies to overcome drug shortages

23 – 28 March 2021 Prof. Dr. Stefan Grösser, Dean

Bern University of Applied Sciences Industrial Engineering and Management Science



Berner Fachhochschule Haute école spécialisée bernoise Bern University of Applied Sciences



Disclosure of conflicts of interest

- Employed at a public university of applied science
- This work was funded by public grants
 - COST Action CA15105
 - SNSF / COST CH Grant C16.0038: Medicine Shortages - Reframing and negotiations of agreement between key players and stakeholders
 - BFH internal funding
- Otherwise, nothing to declare
 - No research funding from private sources





Medikamenten-Versorgungsengpässe (Medicines Shortages) in der Schweiz

Ursachen und Lösungsansätze – Bericht zuhanden politischer Akteure und der interessierten Öffentlichkeit

Helena Jenzer, PhD, PharmD, Spitalapothekerin FPH (<u>helena.jenzer@pukzh.ch</u>) ¹ Stefan Grösser, PhD in Management (<u>stefan.groesser@bfh.ch</u>) ² Patrick Maag, MSc ⁴



V4.2, experimentell fertiggestellt am 30. April 2020, redaktionell am 31. Dezember 2020 (Downloadmöglichkeiten: Projektdatenbank des SNF⁵ und EAHP-Website⁶) Dieses Projekt wurde unterstützt durch

COST Action CA15105

Swiss National Science Foundation (Grant C16.0038)

¹ FEE Emihnung und Dästelk, Departement Gesundheit, Bemer Fachbochschule (Prof. Dr., Dezentin, Forschungsleiterin EED, bis 31.01.2020).
¹ Psychianische Universitätiskink Zurich, Internittischer Dient, Spatalapotheke, Zurich (Letterin Spitalapotheken FPH).
¹ Fachbareich Wirtschaftingerieszweszen, Department Technik und Informatik, Bemer Fachbochschule (Prof. Dr., Fachbereichsleiter und Dozent Stattergische Manaement, Smulationalapot).

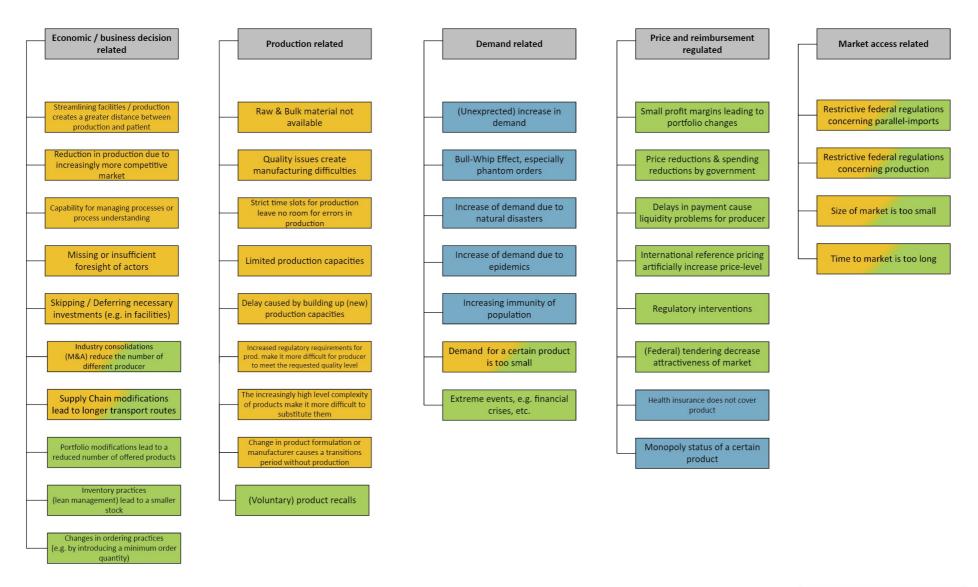
schbereich Wirtschaftsingenieurwesen, Department Technik und Informatik, Berner Fachhochschule http://p3.snf.ch/projecti-174566 https://www.eahp.eu/events/academy/academy-seminar-2018-warnaw-poland/Presentations51



Control of learning success

- Statement: One of the root causes (of shortages) are different (local) definitions of what a shortage situation constitutes. (true / false?)
- Statement: Simulation modeling is not an adequate methodology to address shortage situations (true / false ?)
- Statement: It is possible to avoid shortage situations in a sustainable way from the perspective of an individual position in the supply chain (true / false ?)

Causes for medicine shortages

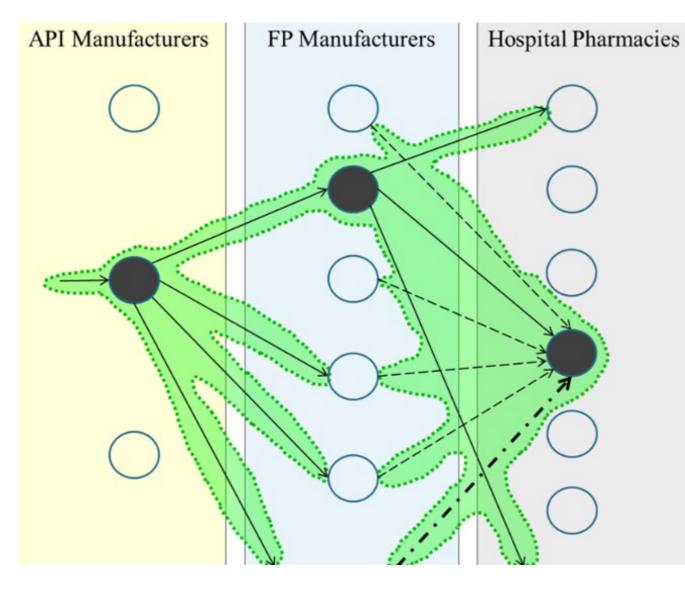




Simulation Model purpose: OncoMedSCM

- OncoMedSCM is a causal model for the supply chain of essential consumer goods (medicine)
- The most common primary and secondary causes of oncology drug shortages were derived from the literature.
- A structural overview of the supply chain consisting of three stages of raw materials (API) and finished products (FP) to a hospital pharmacy (HP).
- Due to the unavailability of large amounts of data, there was no traditional reference mode was available, the validation of the structural model provided the necessary confidence in the validity of the model, which can show eleven primary causes and eight secondary causes of bottlenecks (scenario or policy variables).
- Access to the research paper: <u>https://www.springerprofessional.de/resilience-as-basis-for-sustainability-shortages-in-production-s/16079080</u>

Assumptions in our model/Boundary



Bern University of Applied Sciences, Prof. Dr. Stefan Groesser

Manufacturer of hospital pharmacy with market access to country/area of interest

Modelled manufacturer or hospital pharmacy

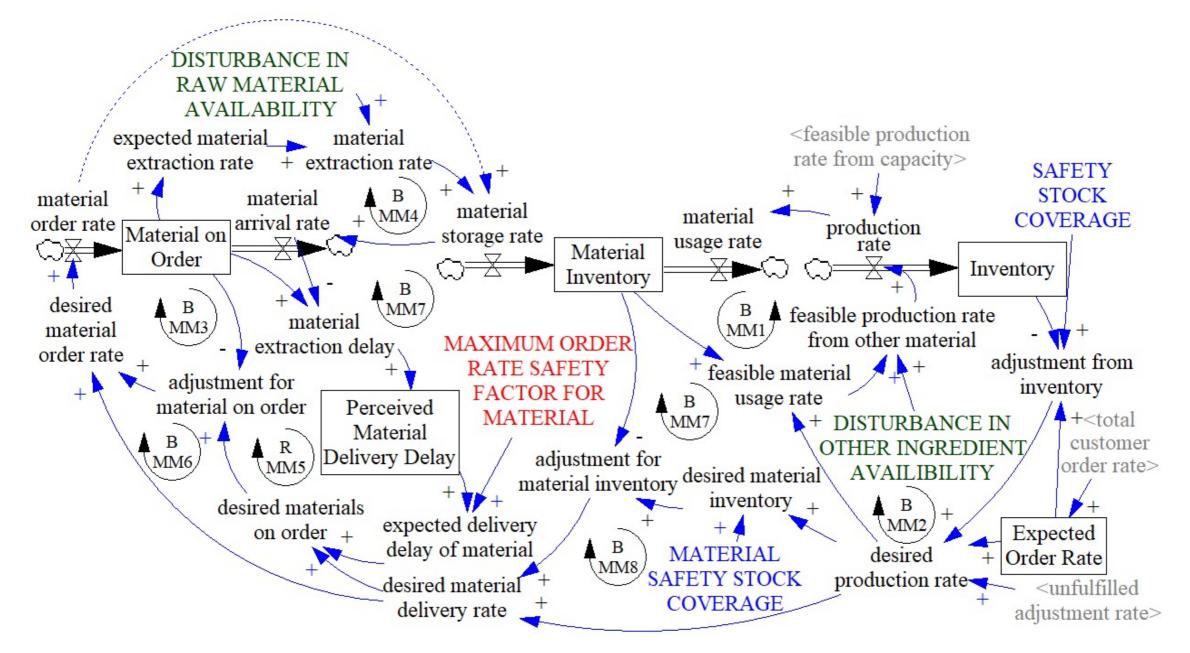
Model boundary

 \longrightarrow Supply of physical goods produced by modelled manufacturer

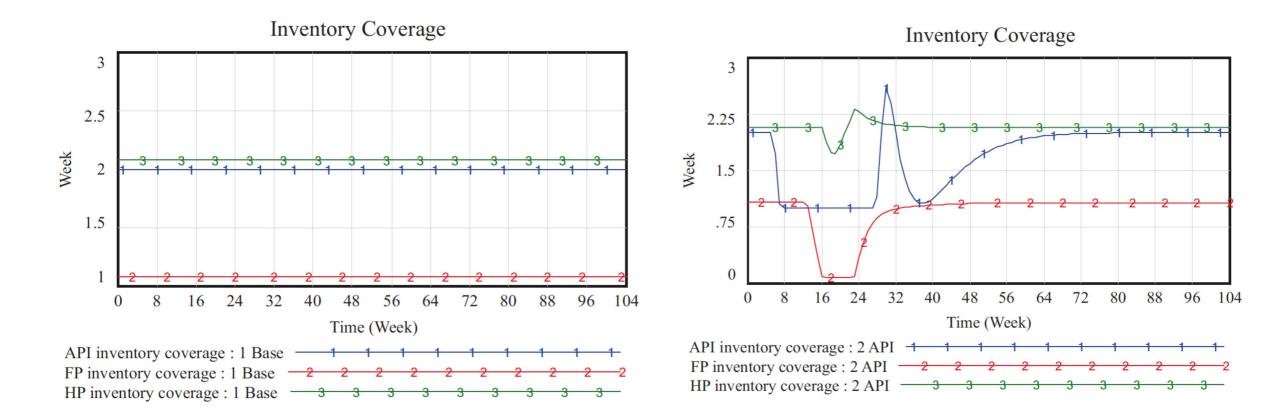
-- Supply of goods produced by any other manufacturer in the given market segment

- → Supply of goods through parallel trade

A part of the model structure



Disruptions in manufacturing operations as a result of measures to remedy GMP quality deficiencies



Bern University of Applied Sciences, Prof. Dr. Stefan Groesser

Conclusions / Take Home Messages

- A sound simulation model of essential supply chain dynamics exist and can demonstrate major causes of shortages.
- What is needed are additional real time series data about the medicine production and supply aspects in the system.
- Better access to ERP systems of corporations.
- The subsequent evaluation should include the comparison and sensitivity analysis of all 11 primary and 8 secondary causes of bottlenecks.
- Focus to determine leverage points or identifying model segments that are most critical to security of supply.

Bern University of Applied Sciences, Prof. Dr. Stefan Groesser



Bern University of Applied Sciences, Prof. Dr. Stefan Groesser