





RISK FACTORS OF URINARY TRACT INFECTION IN PATIENTS TREATED WITH ABIRATERONE

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BACKGROUND

Abiraterone is indicated for the treatment of metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer.

One of the most common side effect associated with abiraterone is urinary tract infection (UTI).



PURPOSE

To assess abiraterone-associated UTI prevalence rate in cancer patients and the potential factors that contribute to this adverse effect.

31 patients were included.

Main duration of treatment: 195.28 days.

		Uropathogen		Risk factors		
	UTI	Pathogen	Non typical pathogen	Surgery	Previous antibiotic	Cathete r
number of patients	5	2 Proteus 1 E.coli	2	3	3	5

	Variables related to UTI		
	OR	IC95%	р
Urinary catheterization	10.67	1.91-59.62	0.007
Urinary surgery	14.67	1.83-117.68	0.011

Multivariate analysis: none of the factors were significantly associated with UTI.

RESULTS

METHODS

Retrospective/observational study (September 2011-September 2014)

Patients on treatment for at least one cycle of abiraterone.

	Data recorded:	
	Age	Potential risk factors:
	UTI during abiraterone	Previous use of antibiotics
	course	Urinary surgery
	Uropathogen	Urinary catheterization
	UTI-treatment	
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Categorical variables were compared by Chi-square test. Multivariate analysis was performed on parameters with p<0.10 in univariate models.

There are patients treated with abiraterone that suffer UTI, but it is necessary to consider other possible risk factor before thinking in a direct side effect.

 There was a trend towards a higher risk of UTI in patients with previous urologic surgery.

CONCLUSIONS

Conflict of interest: Nothing to disclose

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