







ANALYSIS OF THE USE OF ISAVUCONAZOLE IN CRITICALLY ILL PATIENTS WHEN THE USE OF VORICONAZOLE IS INDICATED

MARTÍNEZ-OREA G^{1,2}, GARCÍA-GONZÁLEZ C¹, FUENTES-HIDALGO F¹, RODRÍGUEZ-LUCENA FJ¹, DEVESA GARCIA C¹, CANO-CUENCA N¹.

¹Hospital Pharmacy – Hospital Vega Baja de Orihuela, 03314 Alicante, Spain ²Email: martinez_gabriel@gva.es

Background and Importance

Isavuconazole and **voriconazole** are antifungals with similar clinical efficacy in the treatment of invasive aspergillosis. However, its similar efficacy limits the use of isavuconazole in situations where voriconazole is contraindicated.

Aim and Objectives

To describe the proportion of isavuconazole prescriptions in which the use of voriconazole would not be contraindicated

Materials and Methods



Observational retrospective study



Patients treated with Isavuconazole in 2021



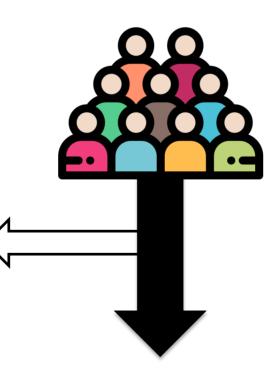
% of patients who can be treated with voriconazole

Voriconazole is contraindicated:

- ClCr<5omL/min</p>
- Severe hepatic insufficiency (Child-Pugh C)

Results

4 excluded for ClCr<50mL/min



37 patients



Median=63 years (24-82)



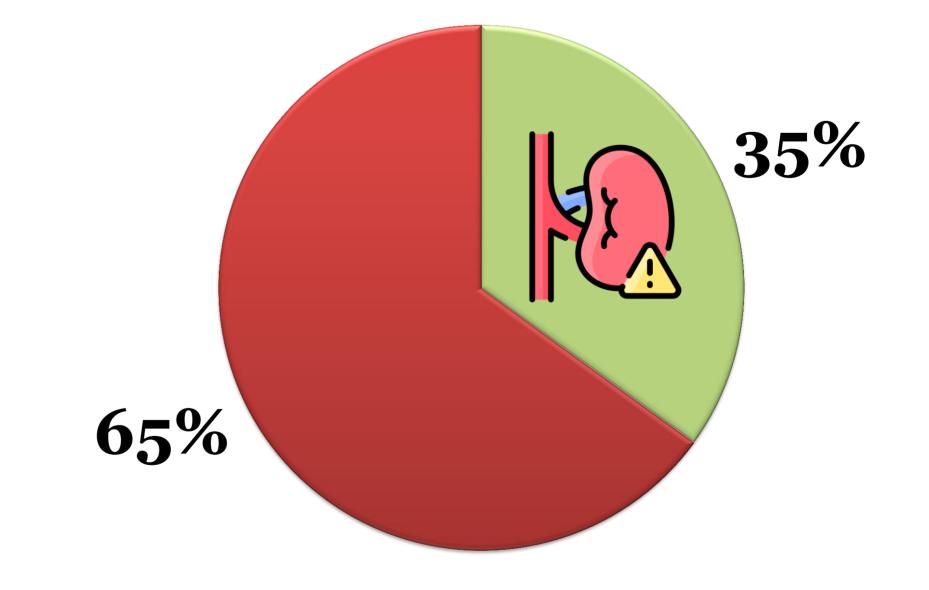
32% were women



Mean number of days of therapy was 6 ± 4.9 days



89% had a mycological culture



Voriconazole is contraindicated

Voriconazole is **NOT** contraindicated

Conclusion

65% of patients treated with isavuconazole in our critical care unit did not meet the conditions for which it was included in the pharmacotherapeutic guide of the hospital. These results suggest the need for a specific PROA in critical patients or the multidisciplinary elaboration of a protocol for the use of antifungals