

USE OF PALIVIZUMAB IN THE IMMUNOPROFILAXIS OF RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS

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BACKGROUND

Palivizumab is a monoclonal antibody that provides passive immunity aganist respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).

PURPOSE

To evaluate the use of palivizumab as immunoprophylaxis against RVS in the 2016-2017 campaign in a tertiary hospital.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Retrospective observational study (October 2016-March 2017)
Patients who received palivizumab as immunoprophylaxis against RSV



Prescription criteria established by Spanish Society of Neonatology (SEN):



A: Children <2 years with bronchopulmonary disease

B: Children <2 years and congenital hearth disease

C: Gestational age <28 weeks and age <12 months

D: Gestational age 29-32 weeks and age <6 months

E: Gestational age 32-35 weeks and age <10 weeks and brother/sister of school age

Rapid Antigen-Based Testing for RVS was done

20 patients

Sex: 55% male

Age: 6.8 (5.12) months

Mean dose (SD): 93.10 (31.10) mg

Mean administrations (SD): 2.1 (0.75)

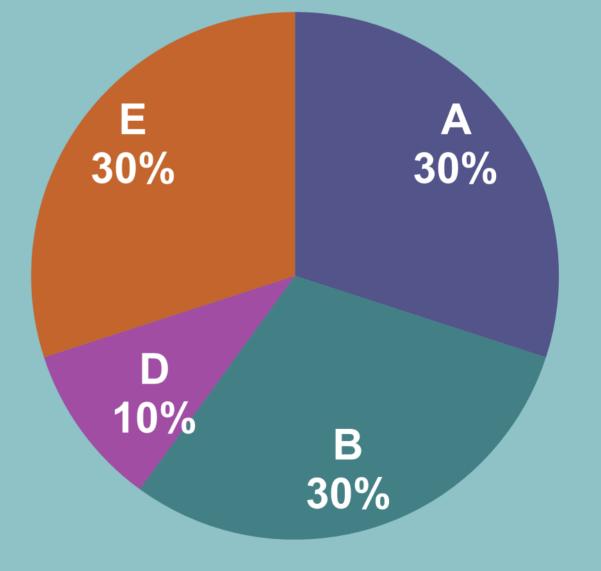


1 patient (0.05%) was hospitalized
Diagnostic: Bronchiolitis
RSV test: +
Palivizumab doses: 1

RESULTS

TOTAL COST: 42,528.9 euros

PRESCRIPTION CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY SEN



CONCLUSIONS

- ✓ Palivizumab has been effective in the prevention of RSV bronchiolitis in high-risk patients
- ✓ In all cases it has been used under the criteria established by the SEN. More studies are needed to assess the effectiveness with these criteria.
- ✓ According to the results obtained we shall proceed to the establishment of an action protocol for the next vaccination campaign in the hospital.