QUALITY OF LIFE OF PATIENTS WITH MODERATE-TO-SEVERE ATOPIC DERMATITIS UNDERGOING OUT-PATIENT TREATMENT WITH DUPILUMAB

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BACKGROUND

Dupilumab, a human anti-interleukin-4 receptor alpha monoclonal antibody, is the first biologic therapy to have been approved for the treatment of adult patients with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis(AD). It is a disabling disease characterized by the presence of severe pruritus which can lead to sleep disturbance, anxiety and depression.

PURPOSE

To assess the improvement in the quality of life of patients with moderate-to-severe AD undergoing out-patient treatment with Dupilumab in our hospital.

RESULTS

6 patients (83% male) were treated with Dupilumab. The average age was 48,86± 14,30. The average of the duration of treatment with Dupilumab was 27(20-38) weeks.

				Number of patients (%) after the treatment with Dupilumab
SCORAD index	mild disease score (SCORAD<25)		0 (0 %)	2 (33%)
	moderate disease score (25 <scorad<50)< td=""><td>1 (17%)</td><td>3 (50%)</td></scorad<50)<>		1 (17%)	3 (50%)
	severe disease score (SCORAD>50)		5 (83%)	1 (17%)
DLQI questionnaire	0-1 (no effect at all on patient's life)		1 (17%)	3 (50%)
	2-5 (small effect on patient's life)		0 (0%)	1 (17%)
	6-10 (moderate effect on patient's life)		0 (0%)	1 (17%)
	11-20 (very large effect on patient's life)		1 (17%)	1 (17%)
	21-30 (extremely very large effect on patient's life)		4 (66%)	0 (0%)
HADS questionnaire	depression (D)	0-7 (normal)	3 (50%)	5 (83%)
		8-10 (borderline abnormal)	0 (0%)	1 (17%)
		11-21 (abnormal)	3 (50%)	0 (0%)
	anxiety (A)	0-7 (normal)	1 (17%)	3 (50%)
		8-10 (borderline abnormal)	1 (17%)	2 (33%)
		11-21 (abnormal)	4 (66%)	1 (17%)

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Retrospective observational study (December 2017-September 2018), including all patients who received Dupilumab, was conducted. Two specific validated questionnaire were used: DLQI and HADS, with complete confidentiality ensured. In addition, other variables were analyzed: age, sex, severity of AD (SCORAD index) as well as duration of treatment with Dupilumab.

CONCLUSION

In accordance with the results of DLQI and HADS questionnaires, Dupilumab has a substantial impact on the health-related quality of life (HRQoL) of patients with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis.





