

NFO**STAB**

Physicochemical stability of vancomycin hydrochloride solutions in elastomeric devices at 37.5 mg/mL in 0.9% sodium chloride and dextrose 5% in water

C.Polo¹, E. D'Huart^{1,2}, J. Vigneron^{1,2}, A. Charmillon³, B. Demoré^{1,2,4} 1: Pharmacy - University Hospital of Nancy, France 2: Infostab, non profit association, Heillecourt, France 3: Infectious and Tropical Diseases Unit, University Hospital of Nancy, France

4: Lorraine University, APEMAC, Nancy, France

eahr

Virtual Congress March 2021

Introduction In some severe infections, the dose of vancomycin may be 60 mg/kg/day. To allow a home care service and a better quality of life for the patient after hospitalization, administration of concentrated vancomycin solutions in elastomeric devices should be considered.

→ Stability of concentrated vancomycin solutions in 0,9% NaCl and D5W in elastomeric devices is unknow.

Objective To study the stability of vancomycin solutions at 37.5 mg/mL diluted in 0.9% NaCl and in **D5W**, stored in **elastomeric devices**, **protected** from

light, at 37°C after a 48-hour storage.

Materials and Method

Chemical stability

(1) RP-HPLC with DAD detector at 220 nm

- **Column**: C18 LiChrospher® 12.5 cm, \emptyset = 4 mm, particle size = 5 µm at 30°C
- Mobile phase: 92% of phase A and 8% of acetonitrile

Phase A: Monopotassium phosphate (KH₂PO₄) buffer at 0.1 M, adjusted at pH 3.5 with orthophosphoric acid 85%

Physical stability

Visual examination : change of colour, precipitation, gaz formation

Subvisual examination: turbidimetry by spectrophotometry at 350, 410

Flow rate at 1.5 mL/min Injection volume: 10 µL

and 550 nm (Safas Monaco UV m2)

- (2) Validation of the method as recommended by ICH Q2(R1)
 - Forced degradation

Acidic degradation	Alkaline degradation	Heat degradation
HCl - 1 M - 16 h	NaOH - 1 M - 1 h	80°C - 4 h

- Linearity: standard curve with 5 points: 50-150 µg/mL
- Repeatability and intermediate precision: 3-point measurement (50, 100, 150 µg/mL)
- (3) pH measurements (Bioblock Scientific pH meter)

3 devices for each condition (D1 - D2 - D3)

Analysis times: 0, 24 and 48 hours

Results

Chemical stability

1 Validation of the method: RP-HPLC method

Linearity: $R^2 > 0.999$

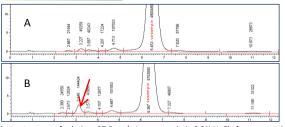
Repeatability: [0.03 % - 1.65 %], **Intermediate precision**: [1.70 % - 2.48 %]

Retention time of vancomycin: 6,40 min

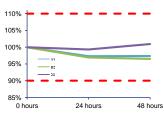
(3) HPLC Results



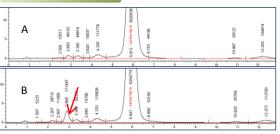
D5W



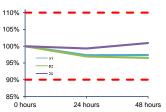
Chromatograms of solutions 37.5 mg/mL vancomycin in 0.9% NaCl after preparation



(A) and after 48 hours (B) with degradation products.



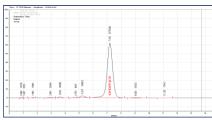
Chromatograms of 37.5 mg/mL vancomycin solutions in D5W after preparation (A) and after 48 hours (B) with degradation products



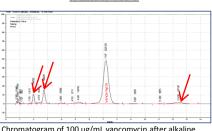
110% 105% 100%

90% 48 hours 0 hours

(2) Stability indicating capacity



Chromatogram of 100 µg/mL vancomycin without stressed conditions.



Chromatogram of 100 ug/mL vancomycin after alkaline stressed conditions (NaOH 1.0 M, 1h) with degradation products.

4 pH measurement : no modification

Physical stability



Sub-visual aspect: no significant difference

Visual aspect: No colour change was

observed