

Hospital Universitario de Móstoles

IMPACT OF PHARMACEUTICAL CARE IN THE RATIONAL USE OF DAPTOMYCIN

> PURPOSE

To evaluate the use of daptomycin in patients with suspected infection complicated skin and soft tissue infections (IPPBc), infectious endocarditis (EID) by Meticilin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA)or bacteremia by MRSA associated with EID or IPPBc

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Prospective longitudinal intervention study between november 2017 and September 2018.
- ✓ <u>Variables</u>: Age, sex, doses and days of treatment, use, antibiogram and treatment with statins.
- ✓ <u>Data were collected</u>: The program Farmatools[®] electronic prescribing and patient history Selene[®].
 - Suspected infection complicated skin and soft tissue infections (IPPBc).

DAPTOMYCIN

- Infectious endocarditis (EID) by Meticilin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA).
- Bacteremia by MRSA associated with EID or IPPBc.

The pharmaceutical interventions were perfomed for improper use of daptomycin and interactions with statins

RESULTS



CONCLUSION

- ✓ Daptomycin was prescribed for empirical use but the treatment was suspended after the antibiogram.
- Pharmaceutical interventions have helped to improve the use of daptomycin and contribute to reduce the risk of resistance in our environement.
- ✓ It is important to know the pharmacological interactions when establishing an antibiotic treatment to avoid the occurrence of adverse reactions.

B. MARTIN CRUZ, M. MAÑES SEVILLA, B. SANTIAGO GALLEGO, B. BERTRÁN DE LIS BARTALOMÉ, B. RUBIO CEBRIÁN, E. MAROTO GARCIA, E.P. GOMEZ CABALLERO, I. SOTO BASELGA, J. SOLIS





OLIVARES, M.I. BERNIAS DOMINGUEZ, C. MORIEL SANCHEZ.	
SERVICIO DE FARMACIA. HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARIO DE MÓSTOLES, MADRID.	