

# SAFETY OF BEVACIZUMAB BIOSIMILAR IN CLINICAL PRACTICE IN NEW AND SWITCHED TREATMENTS

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## INTRODUCTION

Efficacy and safety of emerging biosimilars is ensured by the comparative studies required for their centralized approval by the European Medicines Agency. However, there is a lack of studies of biosimilars safety in clinical practice. Recently a new biosimilar bevacizumab, Zirabev<sup>®</sup>, has been commercialized

## OBJECTIVE

To assess safety of bevacizumab biosimilar Zirabev<sup>®</sup> in clinical practice

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

Prospective observational study from February to July 2021

Collected variables

### DEMOGRAPHIC

- Age
- Sex

### CLINICAL

- Type of cancer
- Baseline blood pressure (BBP)
- Days with biosimilar
- Treatment
  - New
  - Switching
    - Restart
    - Change in line
    - Maintenance: ovarian, cervix and brain

### TOXICITY/ADVERSE EVENTS (AE)

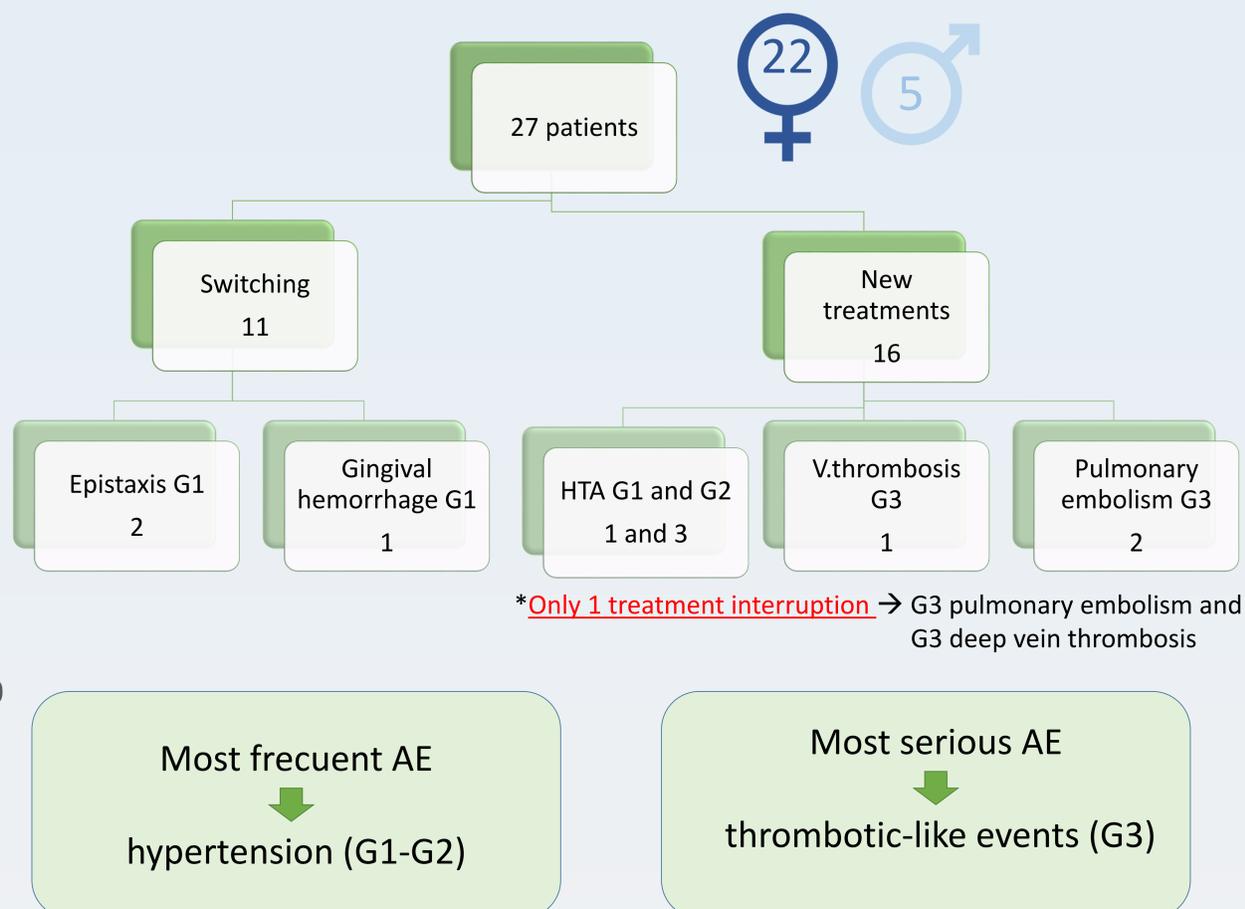
- Type of AE
- Grade of AE (CTCAE criteria)
- Treatment interruption

## RESULTS

Age -> 57,5 ± 13,7 years

BBP -> 124,3 ± 18,2/ 78,0 ± 7,2 mmHg

Days with bisimilar-> 112,7 ± 46,9 days



## CONCLUSIONS

Initiation of use of bevacizumab biosimilar in our center has shown a positive safety profile. Thrombotic-like reactions were more severe comparing to bibliography. Nevertheless, there were no serious adverse events (G4-5).