

IMPACT OF SARS-COV-2 INFECTION IN ACUTE MYELOID LEUKAEMIA

PATIENTS: EXPERIENCE OF THE PETHEMA REGISTRY

Palanques T, Megías J, Martínez P, Cornago J, López JL, Rodríguez G, Cano I, Arnan M, Poveda JL, Montesinos P. ONTACT DATA: <u>palanques_tom@gva.es</u>

BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE

SARS-CoV-2 infection impact survival of patients with AML, but there is little evidence in AML

AIM AND OBJECTIVES

To analyze the clinical futures and outcome

of SARS-CoV-2 infection in AML patients

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Observational study with 117 patients reported from 47 Spanish centers (March May 2020)
- \checkmark Leukemic and viral affections were studied and interrelationships were established

RESULTS

BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS	
Age (mean)	68 years
Sex (male)	56.7%
Time AML-COVID-19 (mean)	4 months
Comorbidities (mean)	1.2
Cytogenetic risk	
•Low	16.9%
 Intermediate 	57.1%
• High	26.0%
AML status	
 Active disease 	55.7%
 Complete remission 	39.2%
 Partial response 	5.1%
AML treatment	70.6%
Treatment lines	
 New diagnosed 	3.7%
•One	77.8%
•Two	14.8%
• Four	3.7%
Allogeneic trasplantation	15.4%

INFECTION CHARACTERISTICS

COVID-19 symptoms	96.0%
• Fever	77.8%
 Pneumonia 	75.0%
 Cough 	65.3%
 Dyspnea 	52.0%
 Diarrhea 	20.4%
COVID-19 treatment	84.2%
COVID-19 course	
• Mild	14.7%
 Moderate 	32.0%
• Severe	53.3%
Time negativization (mean)	20.5 days
Duration symptoms (mean)	17.6 days
Hospital stay (mean)	11.1 days
AML treatment	
 Maintained 	48.1%
 Delayed 	26.6%
 Modified 	25.3%
Patients died	47.5%

ASSOCIATION BETWEEN MORTALITY AND:

- >60 years (58.3%vs36.4%,p=0.043)
- ≥2 AML treatment (72.7%vs44.3%,p=0.020)
- Active disease (62.5%vs29.4%,p=0.002)
- Pneumonia (61.2%vs22.7%,p=0.002)

CONCLUSIONS AND RELEVANCE

- SARS-CoV-2 infection produces high mortality among AML patients
- Mortality was correlated with age, lines of treatment, active disease and pneumonia

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: PETHEMA foundation