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IMPACT OF ONCOLOGICAL CLINICAL TRIALS IN A HOSPITAL PHARMACY

M. Gutiérrez Lorenzo1, B. Mora Rodríguez1, M. Ruiz De Villegas García Pelayo1, I. Muñoz Castillo1.

1Hospital Universitario Regional de Málaga, Pharmacy, Málaga, Spain.



Background

Clinical trials arise as a scientific response to the ethical need to ensure the efficacy and safety of new treatments that patients receive. Over the last few years we have seen an increase in the area of oncological clinical trials (OCT) activity. Chemotherapy preparation is considered as a complex and high risk process.

Purpose

To analyze the degree of activity and the economic saving of OCT.

Material and methods

Retrospective observational study performed in a tertiary university hospital June 16-June 17. Data was collected from PK trials® including:

- active clinical trials
 ongoing OCT (non-haematological)
- patients included in OCT · dispensations · OCT dispensations
- % of dispensed oncological drugs (OD) provided by the promoter: number of ODs dispensed in the usual clinical practice of our center, its cost, total savings and cost saving/patient. To calculate savings: sum of direct costs of these drugs.

Results

VARIABLES	Nº TOTAL
active clinical trials	88
ongoing OCT	51
patients included in	
OCT	245
Total dispensations	6.481
OCT dispensations	3.356
Dispensed OD provided	
by the promoter (%)	82%
OD dispensed in the	
usual clinical practice	29

OD DISPENSED IN	Nº	
THE USUAL CLINICAL	dispensed	Cost saving
PRACTICE	units	
bevacizumab	89	113.287 €
nivolumab	277	394.725 €
pemetrexed	817	980.400€
nab-paclitaxel	1.187	284.880 €
others	5.355	1.116.860 €
total	7.725	2.890.152 €
Cost saving/patient		11.796,5 €

Conclusion

At present, OCT prevails over those in other areas (60%) and although they imply a significant impact of economic saving on the costs of pharmaceutical treatments and health service, activity also increases considerably (52% of total dispensations) and care of hospital pharmacy services.

In addition, preparing chemotherapies is a highly critical activity which implies an increase in the time of dispensing compared to other treatments.

The role of the pharmacist is essential in order to promote the development of OCT for the benefit of patients as well as that of the public health system.