

HEPATITIS C RETREATMENT OF A PATIENT WHO FAILED MULTIPLE TREATMENTS INCLUDING PROTEASE INHIBITOR AND NONSTRUCTURAL PROTEIN 5A INHIBITORS: A CASE REPORT



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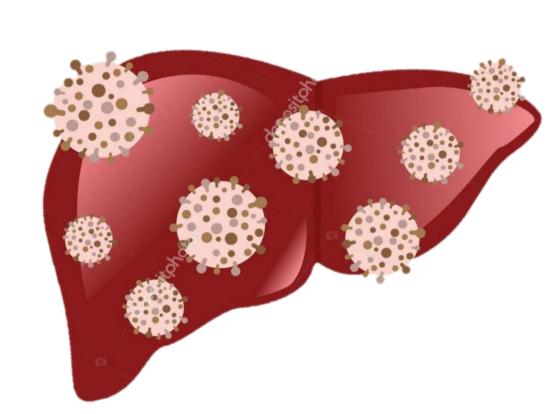
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Background and Importance

- Direct-acting antivirals (DAAs) achieve high rates of sustained virologic response in hepatitis C.
- However, <u>studies on retreatment options</u> for patients who have failed several DAAs treatment regimens that include nonstructural protein 5A (NS5A) inhibitors <u>remain scarce</u>.

Aim and Objectives

To assess the efficacy of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir plus sofosbuvir and ribavirin for 12 weeks in genotype 1b patient with compensated cirrhosis who had virologic failure to multiple treatments including regimens containing NS5A inhibitors.



Materials and Methods

- A 50-year-old man failed multiple hepatitis C treatments.
- The resistance testing showed <u>resistance to NS5A inhibitors</u> except pibrentasvir.
- New treatment with glecaprevir/pibrentasvir plus sofosbuvir and ribavirin for 12 weeks was started.
- Prior to the treatment, drug interactions were checked.
- An undetectable HCV RNA level 12 weeks after completion of therapy (SVR12) defines treatment success.

Failed treatments	Duration
Peginterferon plus ribavirin	9 months
Sofosbuvir/ledipasvir plus ribavirin	24 weeks
Sofosbuvir/simeprevir plus ribavirin	24 weeks
Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir plus ribavirin	24 weeks

Results

- Two potential drug interactions were detected:
 - Gemfibrozil ⇒ it was discontinued because
 of increased risk of
 gastrointestinal side effects.
- Carvedilol ⇒ a close monitoring of heart
 rate and blood pressure
 was recommended.
- ▶ The treatment was well **tolerated** and **adherence** was correct.
- Patient achieved **SVR12** in this fifth hepatitis C treatment with glecaprevir/pibrentasvir plus sofosbuvir and ribavirin for 12 weeks.

Conclusion and Relevance

■ In this particularly difficult-to-cure cirrhotic patient previously exposed to NS5A inhibitors, the combination of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir plus sofosbuvir and ribavirin administered for 12 weeks achieved SVR12.