





FOUR YEARS OF A PHARMACEUTICAL CARE PROGRAMME IN PATIENTS UNDERGOING CARDIAC SURGERY

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BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE

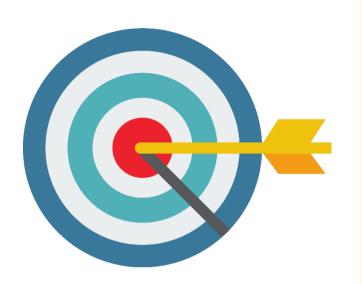
Preoperative setting: high risk for medication errors with potentially severe consequences.

Pharmaceutical care programmes (PCP):

- Achieve an adequate preoperative pharmacological management.
- Reach surgery in optimal pharmacological conditions.

COORDINATION with other specialists is paramount to guarantee patient safety.

AIM AND OBJECTIVE



To evaluate the impact of a PCP in patients undergoing cardiac surgery in preventing medication errors after 4 years of implementation.

MATERIALS AND METHODS



- Retrospective, observational study
- July 2018 July 2022
- All patients scheduled for cardiac surgery
- **24-72h before the surgery:** Telephonic pharmacists' clinical interviews
 - Patients' complete medication list (over the counter medicines and herbal products)
 - Instructions for adequate preoperative medication management were reinforced.



- Avoided medication errors categorization:
 - Overhage-classification and their severity was analysed according to NCC-MERP

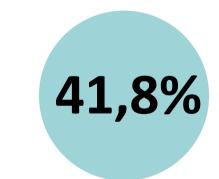


Savings: 3.

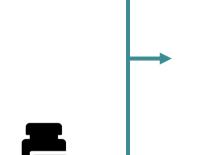
> Multiplying the probability of adverse event occurrence with the error(NCC-MERP≥F:high risk of admission or prolonged hospital stay) by avoided cost (6.745€ according to Ministry of Health, Consumer and Social Welfare).



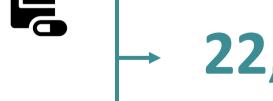
- 1020 pharmacist preoperative interviews
- ✓ Mean age was 66.8(sd:12.6) years
- ✓ 65.8% were males



At least one drug that needed to be discontinued before surgery



23,6%_ Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors, angiotensin-II receptors blockers and diuretics



22,2%_ Anticoagulants and antiplatelet treatment

11,4%_ Hypoglycemic treatment



43.5% of patients needed heparin bridge therapy



Potential medication errors avoided an estimated cost of 992.130€

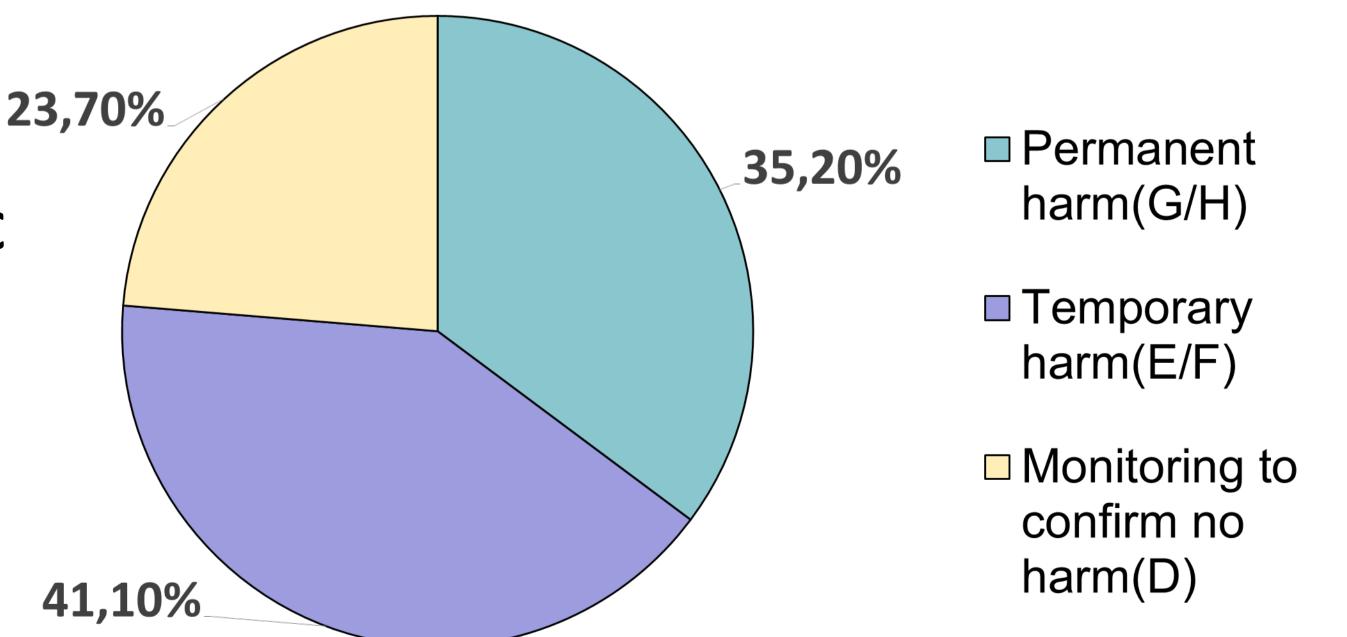
Take home



- 807 pharmacy interventions were conducted with 94.2% of acceptance rate
- 673 serious errors were avoided
- Significant cost savings by avoiding medication errors

Graph 1 Pharmacy interventions 8,6% 4,2% Discontinue drugs 6,4% before surgery ■ Dose error 10,7% Drug omission ■ Wrong duration, frequency or indication 70,1% ■ Others

Graph 2 Severity of medication errors



CONCLUSION AND RELEVANCE

A PCP in patients undergoing cardiac surgery was successfully implemented, ensuring a correct preoperative drug management, with 0.8 severe medication errors avoided per patient that was interviewed and potential savings of 992.130€.



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