CLINICAL, ECONOMIC AND ORGANISATIONAL IMPACT OF PHARMACISTS' INTERVENTIONS IN ONCOLOGICAL CARE PATIENTS

4CPS-217

PARERA-PASCUAL MM, GONZÁLEZ-MORCILLO G, BELLO-CRESPO M, NIGORRA-CARO M, PÉREZ DE AMEZAGA-TOMÁS L, BRADY-GARCIAA, CRESPÍ-CIFRE MA, VILANOVA-BOLTÓ M HOSPITAL UNIVERSITARI SON LLÀTZER, HOSPITAL PHARMACY, PALMA DE MALLORCA, SPAIN.

Contact data: nenaparera@gmail.com

BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE

Clinical pharmacy is considered an integral discipline in the health care system to improve patients' health outcomes by optimizing therapy and reducing drug-related problems (DRP), highly detected in oncological patients with complex therapies.

AIM AND OBJECTIVES

Evaluate the clinical, economic and organisational impact of pharmaceutical interventions (PI).

MATHERIALS AND METHODS

DESIGN

INCLUSION CRITERIA

Hospitalised

patients.

Oncology unit.

Observational, Prospective and interventionist study.

From October 2020 to March 2021.

Demographic' data. DRP detected and severity. Drug. PI recommended, its acceptance and later implementation.

VARIABLES

TOOLS

CLEO

(To evaluate clinical, economical and organisational IP' impact)

> **Overhage & Lukes** (To assess errors' severity)

Spearman's correlation coefficient (To measure the degree of association between IP' importance and severity)



CONCLUSION AND RELEVANCE

.....

- The present study proves clinical pharmacists play a key role for detecting DRPs during medication review, whose severity relates to significant clinical, economic and organisational relevance.
- PIs allow an improvement of the quality standards of medical care while having a positive impact on cost-saving in the clinical process.
- Including a clinical pharmacist as an essential member of the multidisciplinary group would lead to an improvement in the care process.